

POST WAS KNOCKED DOWN.

DID HE INSULT A WOMAN AT 20TH STREET AND BROADWAY?

He Says It Mistook Her for Some One With Whom He Had an Engagement—He Once Accosted Mrs. E. A. Newell Under a Similar Misapprehension—Thirty Years Ago He Knocked Down Bill Poole.

The spectacle of one man knocking another into the gutter in broad daylight excited attention at Broadway and Twentieth street late on Tuesday afternoon. The man who was assaulted was John Post, a well-to-do iron merchant of 11 West Fifty-first street, the assailant belongs to a well-known business firm which has an office at 27 East Twentieth street.

For a month past complaints have been received by the police of the Broadway squad that certain persons, vulgarly known as "mashers," have been annoying them throughout the shopping district. Their principal field of operations has been along the west side of Broadway, between Twenty-third and Fourteenth streets.

Mr. Post dresses in the latest fashion, with jaunty tilted hat, eyeglasses, and cane. Although 70 years old and the father of a family of grown-up children, the iron merchant carries his years well. He has scarcely a wrinkle on his face, and his black mustache and erect carriage give him the appearance of a man of forty-five or fifty.

Some time ago Post, it is said, narrowly escaped getting into trouble for accosting Mrs. E. A. Newell of 140 West Twenty-first street. Mrs. Newell is the wife of E. A. Newell, who owns a men's furnishing store at 250 Fifth avenue, and is a member of the club society.

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A NEW STORY OF LINCOLN.

Gen. Scales' Oration at the Banquet of the Legal Aid Society.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—At the annual banquet of the District of Columbia Commandery of the Loyal Legion last night, in honor of Lincoln's birthday, a new orator was discovered and a new story of Lincoln told. The orator who spoke to the toast "Abraham Lincoln" was George J. Wellington, a young Republican, who has been elected to Congress from the Maryland district adjoining the city of Washington. He has a voice much like that of Jim Blackburn, and his rhetoric and manner of speaking remind one of Senator Wolcott. His eulogy of Lincoln was literally a burst of eloquence, and aroused the commandery, composed of some famous soldiers, to the highest pitch of enthusiasm.

There were only two set speeches on the program after that of Mr. Wellington, one by Senator Manderson and the other by Prof. Toulsey of Harvard, whose theme was "Patriotism in Peace." In the course of his speech Prof. Toulsey said that patriotism and the other political growths of recent years forebode a great upheaval in affairs and a new force in civilization. He denounced populism in the abstract, but said that the American people should not make the mistake of judging the cause by its unworthy leaders, who had come to the front. He referred to the result of the recent election in New York, the defeat of bossism, as an evidence of the power of the people to assert their will at the supreme crisis of affairs.

After the set speeches Gen. Daniel E. Scales was forced to his feet by the clamors of the veterans, who said that patriotism and the other political growths of recent years forebode a great upheaval in affairs and a new force in civilization. He denounced populism in the abstract, but said that the American people should not make the mistake of judging the cause by its unworthy leaders, who had come to the front. He referred to the result of the recent election in New York, the defeat of bossism, as an evidence of the power of the people to assert their will at the supreme crisis of affairs.

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WILL DIAMONDS BE FREE?

THE BOARD OF APPRAISERS DECLARE THE LAW SHALL SO.

The Peculiar Wording by Which the Intent of Congress Seems to Have Been Defeated—The Courts and Congress to be Kept in Mind—The Board of Appraisers of the Port of New York that diamonds, cut or uncut, were to come in free of duty, has caused a great flutter among the diamond importers and the big jewelers, and a great many persons who buy diamonds may be expecting that from this time on diamonds will be cheapened. These persons, however, better wait to hear how it appears that the decision of the Board of Appraisers was made upon a pure technicality, and that this is likely to be corrected in short order either through an appeal to the United States Courts or directly to Congress.

The controversy and the decision came about the duty on diamonds. For many years diamonds cut, had been subject to a duty of 10 per cent. valorem, and uncut diamonds came in free. That diamonds might easily have been made to bear more duty was admitted, except for one reason that they are so easy to smuggle. No one had made a serious attempt to change the present regulations until the Wilson bill's provisions came up for discussion. When diamonds were mentioned the voices of Populists rose, and, with awful voices, called for more duty upon these playthings of the rich. The few diamond cutters who were in the country were already in Washington to ask for a 15 per cent. duty on cut diamonds and 10 per cent. on uncut ones, said the Populists, and this was done in spite of the protest of every one connected with the diamond trade, cutters included.

The new law went into effect on Aug. 28. On Sept. 15, however, a bill was introduced in Congress to repeal the Wilson bill's provisions came up for discussion. When diamonds were mentioned the voices of Populists rose, and, with awful voices, called for more duty upon these playthings of the rich. The few diamond cutters who were in the country were already in Washington to ask for a 15 per cent. duty on cut diamonds and 10 per cent. on uncut ones, said the Populists, and this was done in spite of the protest of every one connected with the diamond trade, cutters included.

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WHITE SUPREMACY.

The Tillman Democrats Want to Make It a Constitutional Part.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 11.—Since 1870, when the national Republican party turned the State of South Carolina over to the Democrats in exchange for the electoral vote of the State, by which, with the votes of Florida and Louisiana and Oregon, R. B. Hayes of Ohio was declared President by the Electoral Commission, there has not been a Republican organization in South Carolina worthy the name. The semblance of an organization has been maintained for the purpose of controlling the Federal patronage in the event of the election of a Republican President. No attempt has been made to reform the State by democratic rule, although the Republicans outnumber the Democrats three to five.

The old faction of the Democratic party controlled the affairs of the State from 1870, when Gen. Wade Hampton and not Daniel H. Chamberlain was declared to be Governor to 1890, when the new-fangled and largely unscrupulous Alliance and Populist heresies, succeeded in electing Benjamin H. Tillman Governor. This bold political buccaner, by special acts of his Legislature, has succeeded in placing all the old-line Democrats, from Judges on the bench, to senators, on the right, unfeelingly, and has substituted in their stead, who wear long hair, have red in their whiskers, and slouch hats, and do as the government at Columbia orders them to do without asking pesky questions. Patent leather shoes, raven-haired coats, and expansive shirt fronts have vanished from public life, and the old-line Democrats, who were once in the State, have been reduced to a few stragglers, who are scattered all over the State, and are not allowed to ride on the railroads.

From 1870 to 1890 the old Democratic party fought bitterly and bravely against the Alliance and Populist heresies, but they were defeated. They found it sufficient for all purposes of government. Tillman came to Joseph Frankel & Sons on the August 10, 1904. Frankel & Sons protested against paying 25 per cent. duty upon the diamonds, and claimed that they should be admitted free. Their contention was raised upon the law as it stood. The 25 per cent. duty could only be collected on diamonds of value exceeding \$100,000, the law of 1894. This reads:

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TO SAVE THE PALISADES.

ONE BILL PROTECTING THEM FROM THE RIPARIAN COMMISSIONERS.

The Riparian Commission to Investigate Corporation of State Officers Appointed. The State of New York has a large tract of land on the Hudson River, known as the Palisades. This land is owned by the State and is now being sold in parcels to private individuals. The Riparian Commission, which was appointed by the Governor, is now investigating the matter. The commission is composed of several members, including the Governor, the Attorney General, and the State Engineer. The commission is to report to the Governor on the matter.

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LIVE TOPICS ABOUT TOWN.

Some notion of the extraordinary increase in the value of real estate may be gained from the fact that a house in East Seventy-second street, on the corner of Madison avenue, was sold this week for \$750,000. It is a stone house, not of remarkable size, and the lot is 48 by 100 feet. East Seventy-second street, a few years ago, was considered a poor street, and it is now one of the best in the city. The house was sold by the estate of the late John A. Roosevelt, who had bought it for \$100,000 in 1880. The house was sold by the estate of the late John A. Roosevelt, who had bought it for \$100,000 in 1880.

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